

Tuesday 13 May 2014 – Afternoon

GCSE GEOGRAPHY A

A731/01 Contemporary Themes in Geography (Foundation Tier)

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:

An Insert (A731/01/02/I – inserted)

Other materials required:

None

Duration: 1 hour 45 minutes



Candidate forename			Candidate surname					
Centre number					Candidate nu	umber		

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- The Insert will be found inside this document.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer all the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do not write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 112.
- You will be awarded marks in questions 1(e), 2(a), 2(e) and 4(b)(ii) for the quality of written communication of your answer. Questions marked with a pencil () will carry 3 additional marks for spelling, punctuation and grammar.
- This document consists of 20 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



Answer **all** the questions.

Extreme Environments

1 (a) Study the map below which shows hot deserts of the world.

Tropic of \(\begin{align*} \text{V} &		
Cancer	B	
Equator		
Tropic of		
Capricorn		A
	Key: = hot desert	

(i) Name the **two** hot deserts A and B marked on the map. Choose your answers from the list below.

Sahara	Australian	Kalahari	Thar	
Desert A				
Desert B				[2]
	ollowing statements b	est describes the lo	cation of hot deser	t areas?
Tick (✓) the correc	t answer.			
Within 5 degre	ees north and south o	f the Equator		
On and aroun	d the Tropics of Canc	er and Capricorn		
Mainly in the s	southern hemisphere			[1]

(ii)

	(iii)	Give two reasons for the	location of hot dese	erts.	
(b)	Des	cribe the rainfall and temp	perature of a hot dese	ert climate.	
	Rair	nfall			
	Tem	perature			
					[4]
(c)	Stud	dy Fig. 1a in the separate	Insert.		
	Con	shows a hot desert lands aplete the following sent anatives below each sente	ences to explain he	ow a mesa is formed. Ch	oose from the
	(i)	A mesa has been formed	d by weathering and .		
		deposition	erosion	volcanic activity	[1]
	(ii)	Areas ofremoved.	surrou	unding the mesa have been	weathered and
		softer rock	sand dune	harder rock	[1]
	(iii)	Over time, a mesa may b	ecome much smalle	r. It is then known as a	
		yardang	wadi	butte	[1]

(d)	Explain how the process of exfoliation changes rocks in a hot desert.
	[3
(e)	Study Figs 1b and 1c in the separate Insert, which show two different ways that hot desert are used by people. Describe the impacts people have on hot deserts for both of the use shown.
	re:
	Spolling punctuation and grammar [3]

2	(a)	Study Fig. 2 in the separate Insert, a photograph taken in the Andes mountain range in South America.
		Using evidence from Fig. 2, explain why the area shown is an extreme environment.
		[6]

(b)	Explain how plate movement creates fold mountains. You may use a diagram to help you.
	[4]
(c)	Study Fig. 3 in the separate Insert.
	What does Fig. 3 suggest about the experiences of people on mountain expeditions?
	[2]

(d)	State one natural resource found in mountains and explain how it can be used.
	Name of resource
	[2]
(e)	Describe the impacts of tourism on one mountain area you have studied.
	Include both positive and negative impacts.
	Named mountain environment
	[6]

The Global Citizen

Study Fi	g. 4 in the separate Insert, which is about McDonald's, a multinational company.
(a) (i)	Define the term 'multinational company'.
	[1]
(ii)	Explain why there are more McDonald's restaurants in MEDCs than LEDCs.
	[2]
(iii)	Suggest two reasons why more McDonald's restaurants might open in LEDCs in the future.
	[2]

3

(b)	You	will have studied one named product.
	Stat	te the product you have studied
	(i)	Describe the global pattern of production of this product. Explain why this pattern exists.
		[3]
	(ii)	Describe the global pattern of consumption of this product. Explain why this pattern exists.
		[3]
((iii)	Describe the employment conditions for workers who produce your chosen product.
		[4]

(C)	buy?
	[4]

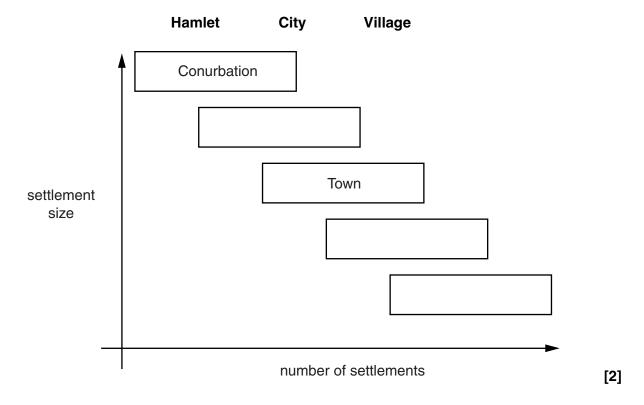
(a) Study Figs 5a and 5b in the separate Insert.	
(i) The sentence below describes the changing pattern of energy use in the USA and Chi	na
Circle the correct answer to complete the sentence.	
Since 2005, energy use in China has increased / stayed the same / decrease	ed.
	[1]
(**) W(
(ii) What does the cartoon in Fig. 5b tell us about China's energy use?	
	[2]

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(b)	You	will have studied a named energy issue.
	Stat	te the energy issue you have studied
	(i)	Describe how this has been managed.
		[2]
	(ii)	Suggest what the likely impacts of this energy issue may be on people and on the natural environment in the future .
		[6]

Similarities and Differences in Settlements and Population

5 (a) Complete the diagram below to show settlement type in order of size by adding the words from the list below in the correct places.



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(b) Study Fig. 6 in the separate Insert.		
	(i)	Define the term 'mega city'.
		[1]
	(ii)	Describe one change shown in the size of the world's mega cities between 1980 and 2010. Use data in your answer.
		[2]
	(iii)	Suggest one reason why this change may have occurred.
		[2]

(c) Read the passage below about the Chinese city of Shanghai.

Shanghai is amazing and has gone through incredible change in the last twenty years. The city is a tangle of roads and highways taking traffic from a bridge that connects Shanghai's old town, with its many ancient streets, to the bright lights and skyscrapers of the modern parts of the city. Shanghai changes all the time, yet it is famous for its green parks.

	Is the land use of Shanghai (described above) similar to the land use of your chosen I place? Give reasons for your answer.	ocal
	Name of chosen local place	
		[4]
(d)		
	Give four reasons why people might leave rural areas.	
	Reason 1	
	Reason 2	
	Page 2	
	Reason 3	
	Reason 4	
	11003011 7	

(e)	Suggest why the growth of mega cities might create problems for governments.			
	[2]			

6

(a)	Stu	Study Fig. 7 in the separate Insert, which shows two population pyramids for China.			
	(i)	Select (✓) the two statements from the list below which are true for China in 2014	•		
		Birth rates have fallen in the last 20 years.			
		There are more males than females aged 80 and over.			
		There are more people of working age than under 15 years.			
		China has a youthful population structure.			
		There are more females than males aged 14 and under.	[2]		
	(ii)	Suggest how China's population structure is likely to change by 2050. Refer pyramids in Fig. 7.	to the		
			[2]		
(b)	pop	e impacts of population change can have advantages and disadvantages. For a pulation issue you have studied, describe two likely impacts of the change on the avaservices and resources.			
	Pop	oulation issue			
	Imp	pact on services			
	Imp	pact on resources			
			[4]		

(c)	Using one example of a national population policy, describe how it has influenced population change.
	Name of country
	Example of national population policy
	ΓΛ

END OF QUESTION PAPER

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

number(s) must be clearly shown in the margins.			

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